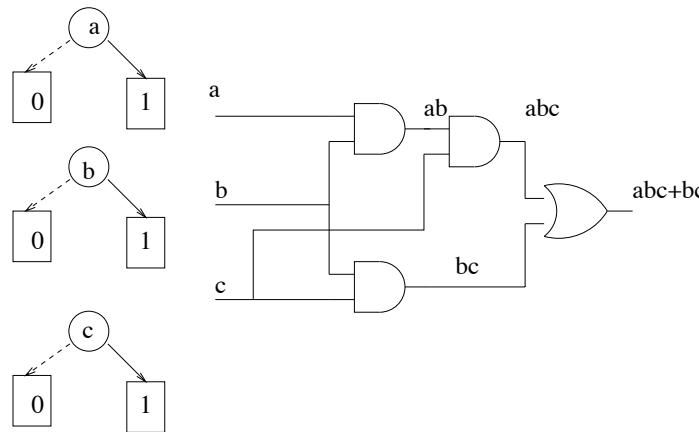


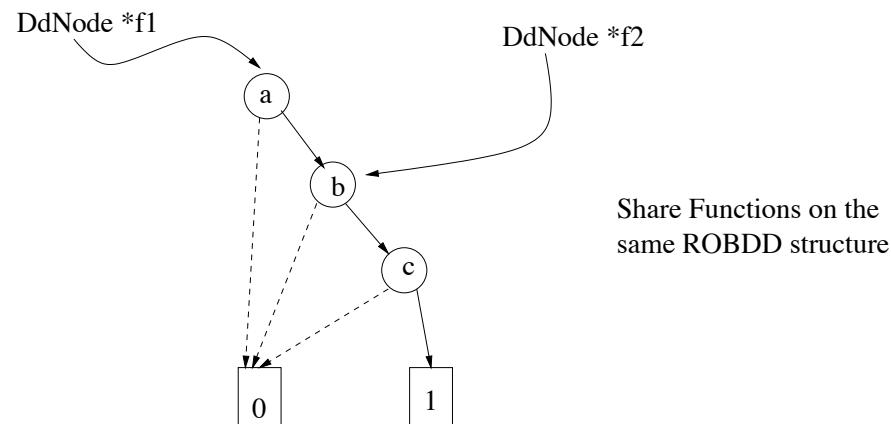
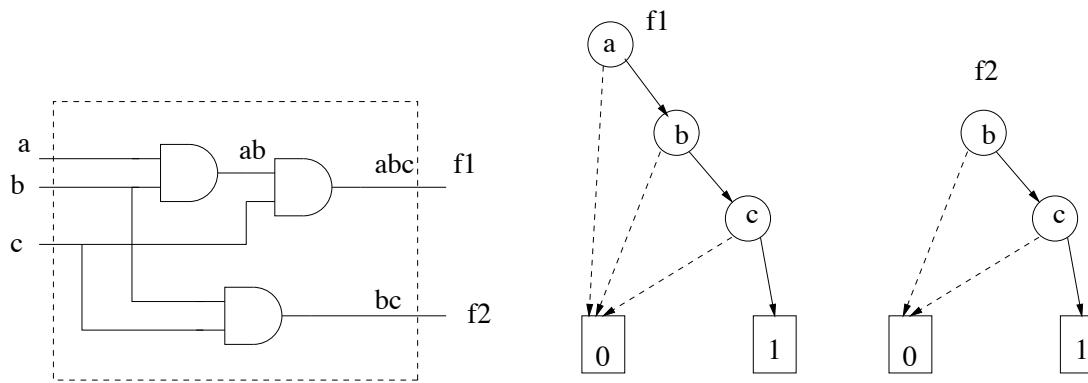
Build Reduced OBDDs Directly from a Circuit

- $f = abc + bc$
- Build Trivial ROBDDs for a, b, c
- Build ROBDD for abc from ROBDDs for a, b and c
- Operate on GRAPHS of a, b and c and get ROBDD for abc !



BDDs as Multi-Rooted DAGs

- Ckt w/ 2 Outputs: $f1 = abc, f2 = bc$



The ROBDD Manager

- Objective: Create ROBDD package as a software library
- Create a “global” manager that:
 - Allows global access to any node in the ROBDD
 - Keeps statistical info of the number of BDD nodes
 - Keeps a pointers to terminal nodes **0** & **1**
 - Keeps a record of the number of BDD vars (via levels)
 - Maintains the uniform *variable order*
- Use the same manager for all ROBDDs (Multi-rooted BDDs)
- Maintain CANONICAL form using: ITE operator, OBDD Reduce operations, symbol table implemented as a *unique table*

First Learn the ITE Operator

- Let $Z = ITE(f, g, h) = f \cdot g + f' \cdot h$
- Let an ROBDD w/ top-node $= v$ compute a function $= Z$
- Apply Shannon's expansion on Z w.r.t. v

$$Z = vZ_v + v'Z_{v'} \quad (1)$$

$$= v(ite(f, g, h))_v + v'(ite(f, g, h))_{v'} \quad (2)$$

$$= v(fg + f'h)_v + v'(fg + f'h)_{v'} \quad (3)$$

$$= v(f_v g_v + f'_v h_v) + v'(f'_{v'} g_{v'} + f'_{v'} h_{v'}) \quad (4)$$

$$= ite(v, (f_v g_v + f'_v h_v), (f'_{v'} g_{v'} + f'_{v'} h_{v'})) \quad (5)$$

$$= ite(v, ite(f_v, g_v, h_v), ite(f'_{v'}, g_{v'}, h_{v'})) \quad (6)$$

$$= v \cdot ite(f_v, g_v, h_v) + v' \cdot ite(f'_{v'}, g_{v'}, h_{v'}) \quad (7)$$

- Apply ITE at top node \rightarrow Apply ITE to its co-factors!

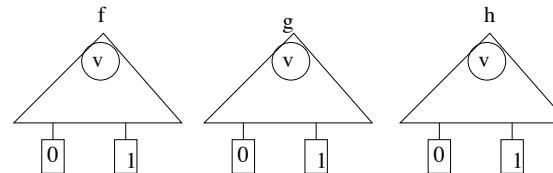
Significance of the ITE Operator

- Let $Z = ITE(f, g, h) = f \cdot g + f' \cdot h$
- Apply ITE at top node \rightarrow Apply ITE to its co-factors!

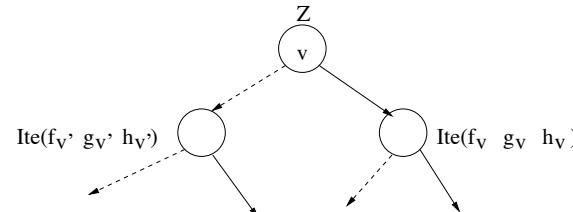
$$Z = vZ_v + v'Z_{v'} \quad (8)$$

$$= v(ite(f, g, h))_v + v'(ite(f, g, h))_{v'} \quad (9)$$

$$= v \cdot ite(f_v, g_v, h_v) + v' \cdot ite(f_{v'}, g_{v'}, h_{v'}) \quad (10)$$



Create ROBDD for $Z = ITE(f, g, h)$
 \implies Create ROBDD for $Z = fg + f'h$

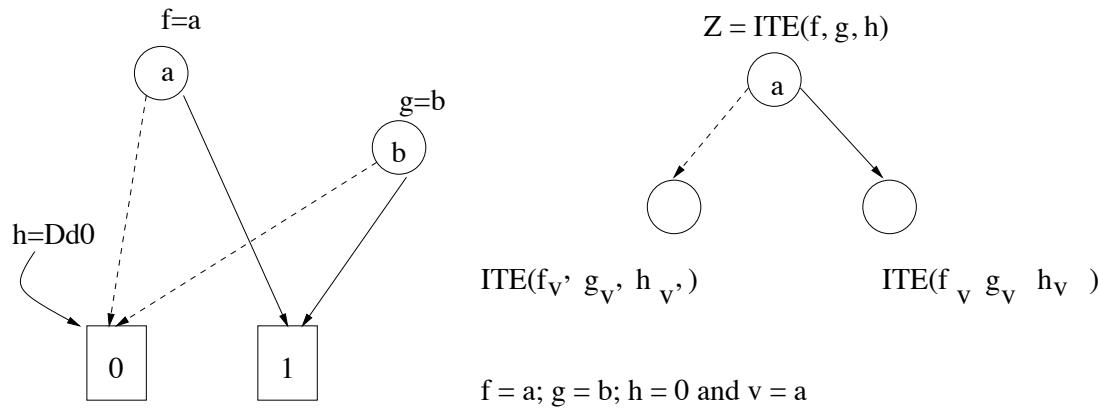


Boolean Computations and ITE

- Compute $f \cdot g$ using ITE operation
- $ITE(f, g, h) = f \cdot g + f' \cdot h$
- $ITE(f, g, 0) = f \cdot g + 0 = f \cdot g$
- Compute $f + g$: $ITE(_, _, _) = f + g$
- Compute $f \oplus g = ITE(_, _, _) = f \cdot g' + f' \cdot g$
- Compute any and all functions using ITE

Build ROBDD using ITE

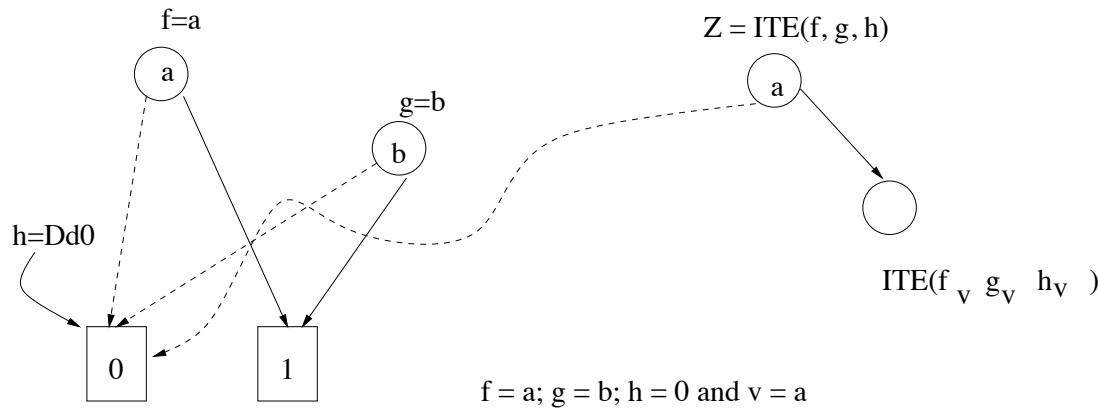
- $f = a, g = b, h = 0$ and $a \cdot b = \text{ITE}(f, g, 0)$
- Var order (in the same BDD Manager) $\equiv a=0, b=1, c=2$
- $Z = v \cdot \text{ite}(f_v, g_v, h_v) + v' \cdot \text{ite}(f_{v'}, g_{v'}, h_{v'})$
- v = variable associated w/ topmost nodes among f, g, h ($= a$)



$$\text{ITE}(f_v, g_v, h_v) = \text{ITE}(a_a, b_a, 0_a) = \text{ITE}(\quad, \quad, \quad)$$

Build ROBDD using ITE (*Contd...*)

- $f = a, g = b, h = 0$ and $a \cdot b = ITE(f, g, 0)$
- Var order (in the same BDD Manager) $\equiv a=0, b=1, c=2$
- $Z = v \cdot ite(f_v, g_v, h_v) + v' \cdot ite(f_{v'}, g_{v'}, h_{v'})$
- v = variable associated w/ topmost nodes among f, g, h ($= a$)



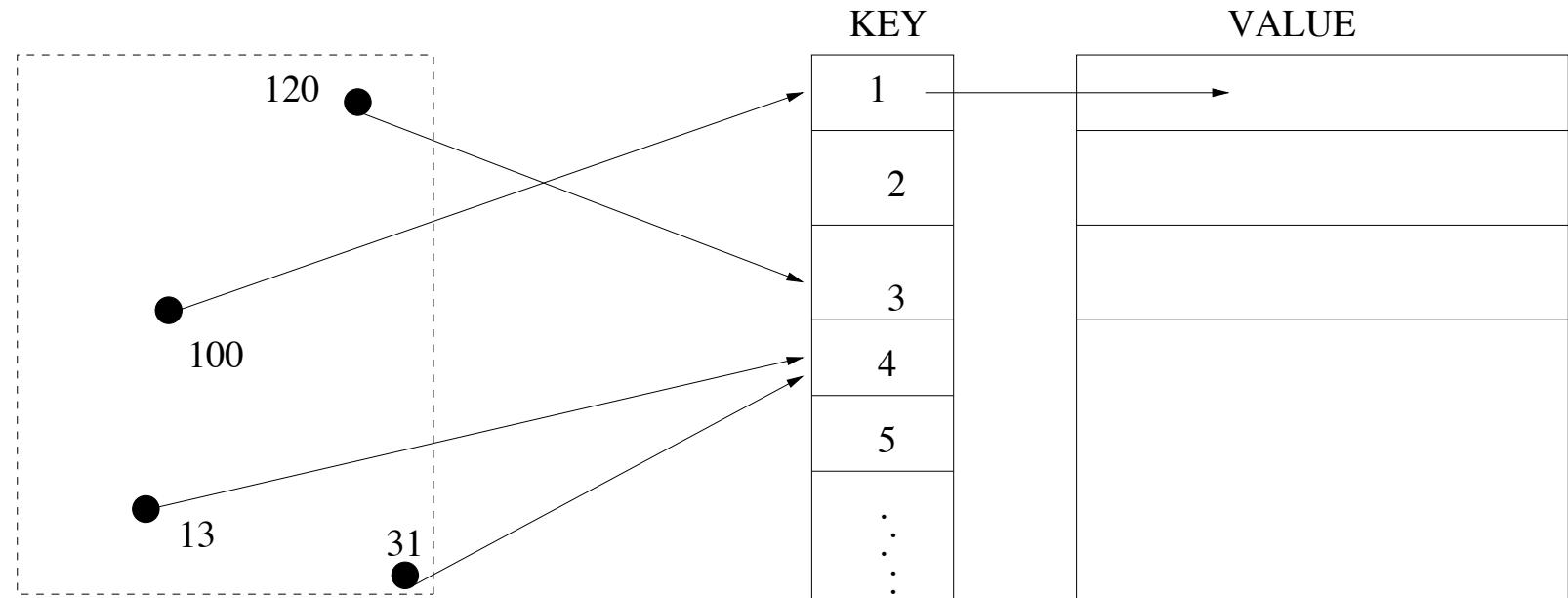
$$ITE(f_v \ g_v \ h_v) = ITE(a_a \ b_a \ 0_a) = ITE(\ , \ , \)$$

Implementing a Unique Symbol Table

- Reduce OBDD to create ROBDD:
 - Remove redundant nodes (easy)
 - Merge isomorphic subgraphs (difficult)
- How to identify which subgraph is isomorphic to which other subgraph?
- Check for Graph isomorphism is not easy (remember?)
- Solution: Obviate the need to perform isomorphism check!
- How? Using a data structure called “Symbol Table”

Implementing a Unique Symbol Table

- Pick-up any Data-structures book, and read about symbol tables.



Implementing a Unique Symbol Table

- For a BDD node, $\text{Key}(\text{node}) = \{\text{low}(v), v, \text{high}(v)\}$
- This Key is unique: equivalent nodes have the same Key!

