

# Antenna Theory and Design

## Homework - 7

11) Given transmitting power  $P_t = 1000W$

$$D = 1.9 \text{ feet}$$

$$= 1.9 \times 0.3048$$

$$= 0.579 \text{ km}$$

$$\text{Frequency} = 12.1 - 12.7 \text{ GHz}$$

$$= 12.4 \text{ GHz (center frequency)}$$

Effective area of transmitting antenna  $A_{et} = 5 \text{ m}^2$

$$\text{distance } R = 23500 \text{ miles}$$

$$= 23500 \times 1.609 \text{ km}$$

$$= 37811.5 \text{ km}$$

Effective resistance of receiving antenna =  $400 \Omega$

$$P_{or} = \frac{P_t A_{et} A_{er}}{R^2 \lambda^2}$$

$$P_r (\text{dBW}) = P_t (\text{dBW}) + G_t (\text{dB}) + G_r (\text{dB}) - 2 \log R (\text{km}) - 2 \log f (\text{MHz}) - 32.44$$

$$A_{er} = \frac{\pi D^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{\pi (0.579)^2}{4}$$

$$= 0.263$$

applied and present constant

(2)

$$\lambda = \frac{c}{f}$$

$$= \frac{3 \times 10^8}{12.4 \text{ GHz}}$$

$$\lambda = 0.03 \text{ m}$$

$$G_{\text{is}} = \frac{4\pi A_{\text{is}}}{\lambda^2}$$

$$= \frac{4\pi}{(0.03)^2} \quad (0.263)$$

$$= 3672.1$$

$$G_{\text{is}}(\text{dB}) = 35.6(\text{dB})$$

$$G_{\text{it}} = \frac{4\pi A_{\text{it}}}{\lambda^2}$$

$$= \frac{4\pi}{(0.03)^2} \quad (5)$$

$$= 69813.17$$

$$G_{\text{it}}(\text{dB}) = 48.4(\text{dB})$$

given  $P_f = 100 \text{ W}$

$$= 20(\text{dB})$$

$$P_{\text{is}}(\text{dBm}) = 20 + 48.4 + 35.6 - 20 \log(37811.5)$$

$$- 20 \log(12.4 \times 10^9) - 32.44$$

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$$P_r(\text{dBW}) = 20 + 48.4 + 35.6 - 91.55 - 81.8$$

$$= -32.44$$

$$= -101.74 \text{ dBW}$$

$$P_r = 2.06 \times 10^{-12} \text{ watts}$$

$$V_a = \sqrt{8 R_o P_r}$$

$$= \sqrt{8(400)(2.06 \times 10^{-12})}$$

$$V_a = 8.119 \times 10^{-5} \text{ V}$$

12) given  $f = 10 \text{ GHz}$

diameter  $d = 3 \text{ feet}$

$$= 3 \times 0.3048$$

$$= 0.9144 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Power density } S_{inc} = \frac{P_r}{A_{em}}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{c}{f}$$

$$= \frac{3 \times 10^8}{10 \times 10^9}$$

$$\lambda = 0.03 \text{ m}$$

(4)

$$G_{or} = G_{tr} = G_{rf} = 0.65 (4\pi A_{physical} / \lambda^2)$$

$$R = 20 \text{ miles}$$

$$= 3218 \text{ km}$$

$$= 0.65 \pi^2 \left( \frac{d^2}{\lambda^2} \right)$$

$$= 0.65 \pi^2 \left( \frac{0.914^2}{0.038^2} \right)$$

$$= 37114$$

$$G_{or} = G_{rf} = 35.6 \text{ dB}$$

$$P_{or} (\text{dBW}) = P_t (\text{dBW}) + G_{or} + G_{rf} - 2 \log R (\text{km}) - 2 \log f (\text{MHz}) - 32.44$$

$$P_t = 20 \text{ W}$$
$$= 13.01 \text{ dB}$$

$$P_{or} (\text{dBW}) = 13.01 + 35.6 + 35.6 - 2 \log (3218) - 2 \log (10000) - 32.44$$

$$= 13.01 + 35.6 + 35.6 - 30.15 - 80 - 32.44$$

$$= -56.38 \text{ dB}$$

$$P_{or} = 3.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ watts}$$

$$\text{Power density Sinc} = \frac{P_{or}}{A_{or}}$$

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$$A_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\lambda^2 G_{\text{isr}}}{4\pi r^2}$$
$$= \frac{(0.038)^2}{4\pi} (3711.4)$$
$$= \underline{0.426}$$

Power density  $S_{\text{inc}} = \frac{P_{\text{sr}}}{A_{\text{eff}}}$

$$= \frac{3.8 \times 10^{-6}}{0.426}$$

$$S_{\text{inc}} = 8.92 \times 10^{-6} \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\text{Attenuation} = P_r(\text{dB}) - P_t(\text{dB})$$

$$= 13.01 - (-58.38)$$

$$\text{Attenuation} = \underline{-71.39 \text{ dB}}$$