

## Antenna Theory & Design

### Homeosik-14

11.2-2) A square microstrip patch with  $L=W = 4.02\text{cm}$  is printed on an  $0.159\text{-cm}$  thick substrate with  $\epsilon_{r1} = 2.55$ . Find the resonant frequency, input impedance at resonance for an edge feed and the bandwidth.

Solt:) Given  $L=W = 4.02\text{cm}$

and  $\epsilon_{r1} = 2.55$

thickness  $t = 0.159\text{cm}$

$$\text{We know that } \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{\epsilon_{r1}} L}{0.49}$$

$$\text{Calculated as } \lambda = \frac{\sqrt{2.55} (4.02) \times 10^{-2}}{0.49}$$

$$= 0.131\text{m}$$

$$f = \frac{c}{\lambda}$$

$$= 3.8 \times 10^8 \text{ Hz}$$

$$f = 2.9\text{GHz}$$

Input impedance is given by

$$Z_A = \frac{90\epsilon_r}{\epsilon_r - 1} \left(\frac{L}{w}\right)^2$$

$$= 90 \frac{2.55^2}{(2.55-1)} \left(\frac{4.02}{4.02}\right)$$

$$Z_A = 377.56 \Omega$$

$$\text{Input impedance } Z_A = 377.56 \Omega$$

Band width  $B = 3.77 \frac{\epsilon_r - 1}{\epsilon_r^2} \frac{w}{L} \frac{t}{\lambda}$

$$= 3.77 \left[ \frac{2.55-1}{2.55^2} \right] \left[ \frac{4.02}{4.02} \right] \left[ \frac{0.159 \times 10^{-2}}{0.131} \right]$$

$$B = 0.011 \text{ GHz} = 11.2 \%$$

11.2-4) Calculate the length of rectangular patch at resonance at 3GHz for substrate of dielectric constant 2.2 and variable thickness from 0.001 to 0.05. The patch width is a half-wavelength. Do this twice for two levels of approximation in (1-1) and (1-2). Compare using graph

$$f = 3 \text{ GHz}$$

$$\epsilon_r = 2.2 \text{ P.D.} = 9$$



$$(12.1 - w)t = 0.0012 \text{ to } 0.057$$

$$\text{Jacketed part } w = \frac{\lambda}{2}$$

$$L = 0.49 \frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{Eg}}$$

$$= 0.49(0.1) \frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{2.2}}$$

$$= 0.033 \text{ m} \rightarrow (11-1)$$

$$E_{re} = \frac{E_{at1}}{2} + \frac{E_{at1}}{2} \left( 1 + \frac{10t}{w} \right)^{-0.5}$$

$$= \frac{2.211}{2} + \frac{2.211}{2} \left( 1 + \frac{10 \times 0.05(0.1)}{0.1} \right)^{-0.5}$$

$$= 2.03$$

$$\Delta L = 0.412 \frac{(E_{re} + 0.3) \left( \frac{w}{t} + 0.264 \right)}{(E_{re} - 0.258) \left( \frac{w}{t} + 0.3 \right)} t$$

$$= 0.412 \frac{(2.03 + 0.3) (0.1 + 0.264) 0.05 \times 0.1}{(2.03 - 0.258) (0.1 + 0.3)}$$

$$= \frac{1.06 \times 10^{-3}}{(0.1 + 0.3)}$$

$$= 0.0012$$

$$L = 0.5 \frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{Eg}} - 2\Delta L$$

$$= 0.5 \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{2.2}} - 2(1.06 \times 10^{-3}) = 0.031 \text{ m} \rightarrow (11-2)$$

11.2-5) An edge-fed rectangular ( $w=1.5L$ ) microstrip patch antenna has a substrate of thickness  $0.01\lambda$ .

a) Vary dielectric constant to find the value which gives highest bandwidth and state values of  $\epsilon_{r1}$  and  $B$  using these values.

b) Calculate path length and width at resonant frequency of 3GHz

c) Calculate input impedance

$$\text{Sol} \quad w = 1.5L \quad t = 0.01\lambda$$

$$B \cdot w = 3.77 \frac{\epsilon_{r1}-1}{\epsilon_{r1}^2} \frac{w}{L} \frac{t}{\lambda}$$

$$= 3.77 \frac{\epsilon_{r1}-1}{\epsilon_{r1}^2} \frac{1.5L}{L} \frac{0.01\lambda}{\lambda}$$

$$= 0.056 \frac{\epsilon_{r1}-1}{\epsilon_{r1}^2}$$

when  $\epsilon_{r1}=1.8$  ;  $B \cdot w = 0.257$

$$\epsilon_{r1}=1.9 \quad B \cdot w = 0.259$$

$$\epsilon_{r1}=2 \quad B \cdot w = 0.2599$$

$$\epsilon_{r1}=2.1 \quad B \cdot w = 0.2499$$

$$\epsilon_{r1}=2.2 \quad B \cdot w = 0.2497$$

$$= 0.2 \frac{0.1}{0.1} - 5 C_1 \cos(2\pi f) = 0.0314 - C_1(2\pi f)$$

When  $\varepsilon_{\text{eff}} = 2$ ;  $B \cdot w$  is high

$$B \cdot w = 3.77 \times 0.2599 \times 1.5 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$= 0.0146$$

$$= 1.46\%$$

b)  $L = ?$ ,  $w = ?$

$$f = 3Gh;$$

$$\text{so } \lambda = \frac{C}{f}$$

$$\lambda = 0.1$$

$$w = \frac{\lambda}{2} \left[ \frac{\varepsilon_{\text{eff}} + 1}{2} \right]^{-0.5}$$

$$= 0.1 \left[ \frac{2 + 1}{2} \right]^{-0.5}$$

$$= 0.03 \text{ cm}$$

$$L = \frac{4 \cdot 0.03}{1.5} = 2.74 \text{ cm}$$

c)  $Z_a = 90 \frac{\varepsilon_{\text{eff}}^2}{\varepsilon_{\text{eff}} - 1} \left( \frac{L}{w} \right)^2$

$$= 90 \frac{4}{4-1} \left( \frac{L}{w} \right)^2$$

$$Z_a = 160 \Omega$$