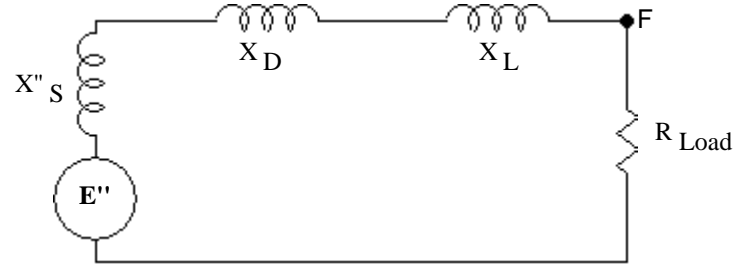


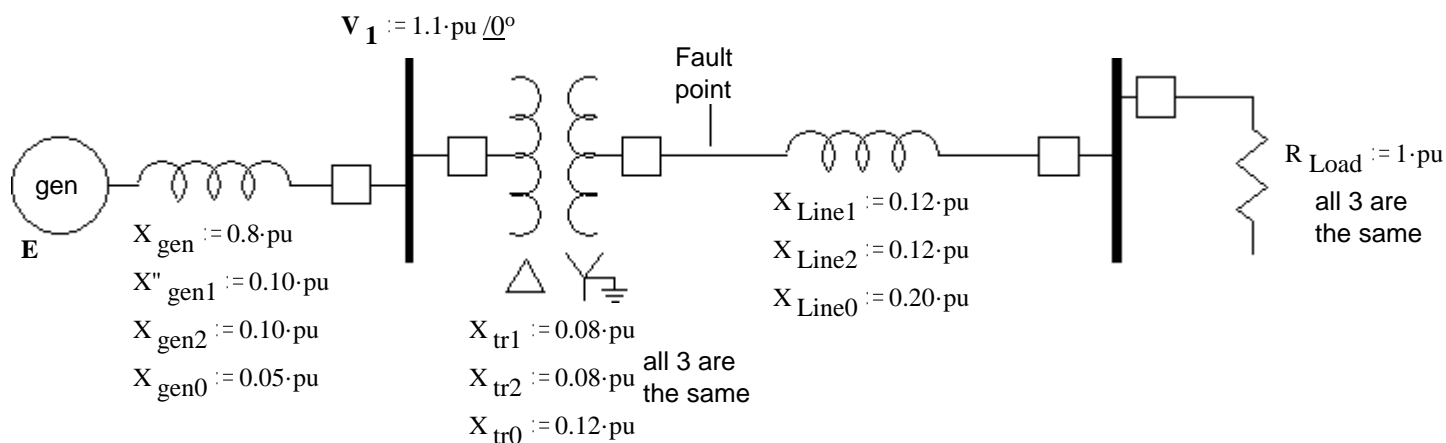
1. One phase of a balanced 3-phase system is shown here.

A fault occurs point F. It is a short between lines b and c with an impedance of Z_f .

- a) Draw the circuit you would have to analyze to find the fault current. Identify the parts and include the component voltages and currents at the fault.
- b) Set up a mathematical expression (or expressions) to find the fault current. (don't forget j & that the fault current is NOT I_{A1})



2. Consider this power system. Same as the example in the notes, except for V_1 and X_{tr0} .

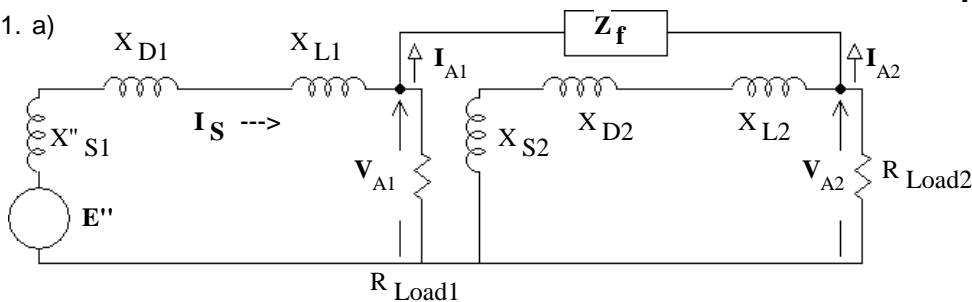


There is a phase-A single-line to ground (SLG) fault with a fault impedance of $Z_f := 0.15 \cdot \text{pu} \angle 0^\circ$

Find the fault current. You may be able to use some numbers already calculated in the example

Answers

1. a)



Problem 3 on next page ----->

- 2. $4.69 \cdot \text{pu} \angle -45.7^\circ$
- 3. $5.016 \cdot \text{pu} \angle -46.85^\circ$

b) define $Z_X = Z_f + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{(X_{S2} + X_{D2} + X_{L2}) \cdot j} + \frac{1}{R_{Load2}}}$

$$I_S = \frac{E''}{(X''_{S1} + X_{D1} + X_{L1}) \cdot j + \left(\frac{1}{R_{Load1}} + \frac{1}{Z_X} \right)}$$

$$V_{A1} = I_S \cdot \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{R_{Load1}} + \frac{1}{Z_X} \right)}$$

$$I_{A1} = \frac{V_{A1}}{Z_X}$$

$$I_{\text{fault}} = I_B = a^2 \cdot I_{A1} + a \cdot I_{A2} = (a^2 - a) \cdot I_{A1} = \sqrt{3} \angle -90^\circ I_{A1}$$

ECE 3600 homework LF2 p4

3. Repeat problem 2 if before the fault, the load was zero, that is, $\mathbf{P}_{\text{Load}} = 0$ and $R_{\text{Load}} := \infty$

hint: this problem is considerably easier now