

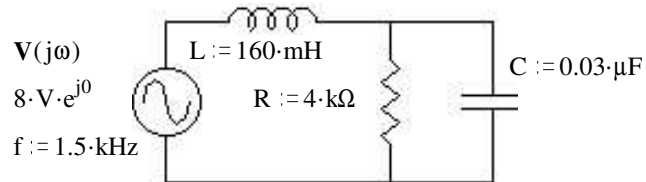
ECE 3510 homework # 7 Due: Wed, 2/8/06

A.Stolp
2/2/06

- Convert the following complex numbers to polar form ($m\angle\theta$ or $me^{j\theta}$). a) $2.6 + 8.7j$ b) $3 + 4j$ c) $-3 - 4j$
- Convert the following complex numbers to rectangular form ($a + bj$). a) $10 \cdot e^{j60 \text{ deg}}$ b) $10 \cdot e^{-j45 \text{ deg}}$ c) $20 \cdot e^{j120 \text{ deg}}$
- Add or subtract the complex numbers. a) $(3 + 2j) + (6 + 9j)$ b) $(9 - 10j) - (9 + 10j)$
- Multiply the complex numbers. a) $(20 \cdot e^{j40 \text{ deg}}) \cdot (10 \cdot e^{j60 \text{ deg}})$ b) $(-2 - j) \cdot (-6 - 9j)$
- Divide the complex numbers. a) $\frac{20 \cdot e^{j40 \text{ deg}}}{10 \cdot e^{j60 \text{ deg}}}$ b) $\frac{12 + 10j}{6 + 9j}$
- Add and subtract the sinusoidal voltages using phasors. Draw a phasor diagram which shows all 4 phasors, and give your final answer in time domain form.
 $v_1(t) = 1.5 \cdot V \cdot \cos(\omega \cdot t + 10 \cdot \text{deg})$ $v_2(t) = 3.2 \cdot V \cdot \cos(\omega \cdot t + 25 \cdot \text{deg})$
 a) Find $v_3(t) = v_1(t) + v_2(t)$ b) Find $v_4(t) = v_1(t) - v_2(t)$

7. a) Find Z_{eq} .

b) Find the current $I_L(j\omega)$.



- Find the steady-state magnitude and phase of each of following transfer functions. $|H(j\omega)| = ?$ $\angle H(j\omega) = ?$
 a) $\omega := 10 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}}$ $H(s) = \frac{\frac{40}{\text{sec}} \cdot s}{s^2 + \frac{10}{\text{sec}} \cdot s + \frac{200}{\text{sec}^2}}$
 b) $f := 50 \cdot \text{Hz}$ $H(s) = \frac{s^2 + \frac{1000}{\text{sec}} \cdot s}{s^2 + \frac{300}{\text{sec}} \cdot s + \frac{10000}{\text{sec}^2}}$
- Express the following signals in the time domain, first as a cosine with a phase angle and then as a sum of cosine and sine with no phase angles:
 a) $\omega := 20 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}}$ $Y(s) = \frac{\frac{20}{\text{sec}} \cdot s + \frac{300}{\text{sec}^2}}{s^2 + \frac{10}{\text{sec}} \cdot s + \frac{800}{\text{sec}^2}}$
 b) $\omega := 40 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}}$ $Y(s) = \frac{2 \cdot s^2 + \frac{300}{\text{sec}} \cdot s}{s^2 + \frac{10}{\text{sec}} \cdot s + \frac{800}{\text{sec}^2}}$

Answers

- a) $9.08 \cdot e^{j73.4 \text{ deg}}$ b) $5 \cdot e^{j53.1 \text{ deg}}$ c) $5 \cdot e^{-j126.9 \text{ deg}}$
- a) $5 + 8.66j$ b) $7.071 - 7.071j$ c) $-10 + 17.321j$ 3. a) $9 + 11j$ b) $-20j$
- a) $200 \cdot e^{j100 \text{ deg}}$ b) $24.2 \cdot e^{j82.9 \text{ deg}}$ 5. a) $2 \cdot e^{-j20 \text{ deg}}$ b) $1.385 - 0.41j$
- a) $v_1(t) + v_2(t) = 4.67 \cdot \cos(\omega \cdot t + 20.2 \cdot \text{deg}) \cdot V$ b) $v_1(t) - v_2(t) = 1.794 \cdot \cos(\omega \cdot t - 142.5 \cdot \text{deg}) \cdot V$
- a) $1.82 \cdot \text{k}\Omega$ $-15.2 \cdot \text{deg}$ b) $4.4 \cdot \text{mA}$ $15.2 \cdot \text{deg}$
- a) $M = 2.828$ $45 \cdot \text{deg}$ b) $M = 2.544$ $-25.8 \cdot \text{deg}$
- a) $1.118 \cdot \cos\left(20 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}} \cdot t + 26.6 \cdot \text{deg}\right)$ $\cos\left(20 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}} \cdot t\right) - 0.5 \cdot \sin\left(20 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}} \cdot t\right)$ b) $13.89 \cdot \cos\left(40 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}} \cdot t - 48.5 \cdot \text{deg}\right)$
 $9.2 \cdot \cos\left(40 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}} \cdot t\right) + 10.4 \cdot \sin\left(40 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}} \cdot t\right)$