ECE 3510 Exam 2 Study Guide

The 2nd Exam will be on ____day, 3/__/18

The exam will be **closed book**, but you may use the colored sheet from exam 1 and the new one for exam 2.

The exam will cover

Download old exams from HW page on class web site.

- 1. Effect of initial conditions. See Exam 1 information:
- 2. The advantages of state space over classical frequency-domain techniques.
 Multiple input / multiple output systems Can model nonlinear systems
 Can model time varying systems
 Can determine controllability and observability
- 3. Sinusoidal responses, effects of poles & zeros, etc. Find: $|\mathbf{H}(j \cdot \omega)|$ and $\underline{/\mathbf{H}(j\omega)}$

Steady-state AC analysis to get $y_{SS}(t)$ $Y(\omega) = X(\omega) \cdot H(j \cdot \omega)$

Transient response to sinusoidal inputs

- 4. **Electrical analogies of mechanical systems**, translational and rotational systems, no fluids, no pistons or turbines (gyrators). Expect a transformer and expect to move the impedance to the primary side.
- 5. Control system characteristics and the objectives of a "good" control system. See p. 60 of Bodson or my handout. Stable

Tracking fast smooth minimum error (often measured in steady state) Reject disturbances Insensitive to plant variations Tolerant of noise

Be able to relate these to poles and zeros on the real and Imaginary axis (where possible). Know how time constant relates to pole location. Know characteristics of the 45° line (% overshoot & ζ). Know regions where $\zeta > or < 0.7071$.

6. Know what is necessary to completely eliminate the steady-state error for a DC input.

Know what is necessary to completely eliminate the effect of a DC disturbance. Know what a disturbance is.

Elimination of DC steady-state error, p. 82.	Rejection of constant (DC) disturbances, p. 83.
1 Closed-loop system stable	1 Closed-loop system stable
AND 2 $C(s)$ or $P(s)$ has pole @ 0	AND 2 C(s) has pole @ 0
AND 3 C(s) and P(s) No zero @ 0	OR 3 P(s) has zero @ 0 But bad for DC response

7. The Routh-Hurwitz method is not a part of this exam, with the following exceptions: Know that for all the roots of a polynomial to be in the LHP, all of the coefficients must be greater than 0. (This is sufficient for a second-order polynomial.)

Know how this is applied to what we care about, the poles of the closed-loop system.

8. Root - Locus method

a) Main rules

b) Additional rules.

Gain at any point on the root locus: k =

 $k = \frac{1}{|G(s)|}$

Phase angle of G(s) at any point on the root locus: $\arg(G(s)) = \arg(N(s)) - \arg(D(s)) = \pm 180^{\circ}, \pm 540^{\circ}, \dots$

Or:
$$\arg\left(\frac{1}{G(s)}\right) = \arg(D(s)) - \arg(N(s)) = \pm 180^{\circ}, \pm 540^{\circ}, \dots$$

9. Concentrate on Homeworks 6 - RL3 I'll scan through for problems

10. Labs 2 - 5a Position control DC motor characteristics

PI control

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http://www.ece.utah.edu/~ece3510/