

The exam will be **closed book**, but you may use the colored sheet from exam 1 and the new one for exam 2.

The exam will cover

Download old exams from HW page on class web site.

1. Sinusoidal responses, effects of poles & zeros, etc. Find: $|H(j\omega)|$ and $\angle H(j\omega)$
Steady-state AC analysis to get $y_{ss}(t)$ $Y(\omega) = X(\omega) \cdot H(j\omega)$
2. Transient response to sinusoidal inputs
3. **Electrical analogies of mechanical systems**, translational and rotational systems, no fluids, no pistons or turbines (gyrators). Expect a transformer and expect to move the impedance to the primary side.
4. Control system characteristics and the objectives of a "good" control system. See p. 60 of Bodson or my handout.
Stable
Tracking fast smooth minimum error (often measured in steady state)
Reject disturbances
Insensitive to plant variations
Tolerant of noise
Be able to relate these to poles and zeros on the real and Imaginary axis (where possible). Know how time constant relates to pole location. Know characteristics of the 45° line (% overshoot & ζ). Know regions where $\zeta >$ or < 0.7071 . Know what is necessary to completely eliminate the steady-state error for a DC input.
Know what is necessary to completely eliminate the effect of a DC disturbance. Know what a disturbance is.

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| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. Elimination of DC steady-state error, p. 61 - 63. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Closed-loop system stable AND 2 $C(s)$ or $P(s)$ has pole @ 0 AND 3 $C(s)$ and $P(s)$ No zero @ 0 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Rejection of constant (DC) disturbances, p. 63 - 65. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Closed-loop system stable AND 2 $C(s)$ has pole @ 0 OR 3 $P(s)$ has zero @ 0 But bad for DC response |
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6. The Routh-Hurwitz method is not a part of this exam, with the following exceptions:
Know that for all the roots of a polynomial to be in the LHP, all of the coefficients must be greater than 0. (This is sufficient for a second-order polynomial.)
Know how this is applied to what we care about, the poles of the closed-loop system.

7. Root - Locus method

a) **Main rules**

b) Additional rules.

Gain at any point on the root locus: $k = \frac{1}{|G(s)|}$

Phase angle of G(s) at

any point on the root locus: $\arg(G(s)) = \arg(N(s)) - \arg(D(s)) = \pm 180^\circ, \pm 540^\circ, \dots$

Or: $\arg\left(\frac{1}{G(s)}\right) = \arg(D(s)) - \arg(N(s)) = \pm 180^\circ, \pm 540^\circ, \dots$

- c) The breakaway points are also solutions to: $\sum_{\text{all}} \frac{1}{(s + -p_i)} = \sum_{\text{all}} \frac{1}{(s + -z_i)}$

8. Concentrate on Homeworks 6 - RL3 (all) I'll scan through for problems

9. Labs 2 - 5a Position control DC motor characteristics PI control

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