

Ex: Find the Laplace transform of the following waveform:

$$t \sin(\omega t) \cos(\omega t)$$

SOL'N: We transform this function into a form that may be found in a table of Laplace transforms.

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(\omega t) \cos(\omega t) &= \frac{1}{2} \sin(\omega t + \omega t) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sin(2\omega t) \end{aligned}$$

Thus, we are computing the following Laplace transform:

$$\mathcal{L} \{ t \sin(\omega t) \cos(\omega t) \} = \mathcal{L} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} t \sin(2\omega t) \right\}$$

Now we use the identity for multiplication by  $t$ :

$$\mathcal{L} \{ t v(t) \} = - \frac{d}{ds} V(s)$$

We also use the transform pair for  $\sin(\cdot)$ :

$$\mathcal{L} \{ \sin(\omega t) \} = \frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

We have

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} t \sin(2\omega t) \right\} &= - \frac{d}{ds} \left( \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2\omega}{s^2 + (2\omega)^2} \right) \\ &= -\omega \frac{-1 \cdot (2s)}{[s^2 + (2\omega)^2]^2} \\ &= \frac{2\omega s}{[s^2 + 4\omega^2]^2} \end{aligned}$$