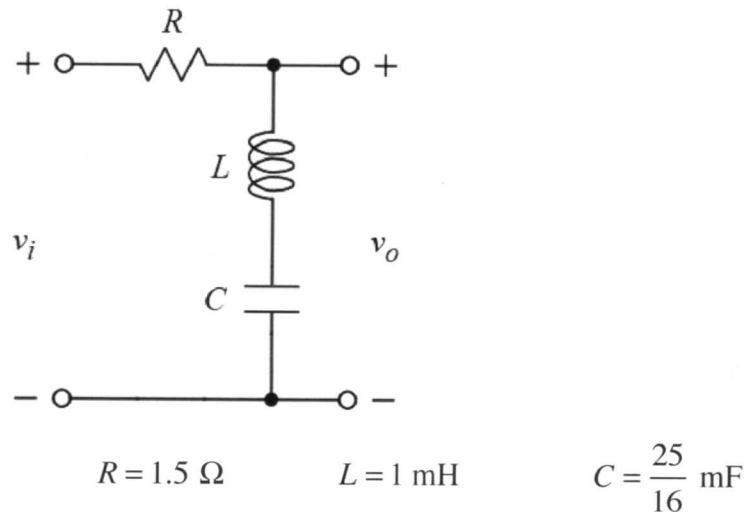


Ex:



$$v_i(t) = 2 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left[ \frac{2}{k\pi} \cos(k\omega_0 t) - \frac{1}{k\pi} \sin(k\omega_0 t) \right] \text{ V}$$

Write the time-domain expression of the first harmonic (i.e.,  $k = 1$ ) of  $v_o(t)$ .

**Note:**  $\omega_0 = 3.2 \text{ k r/s}$  for the Fourier series.

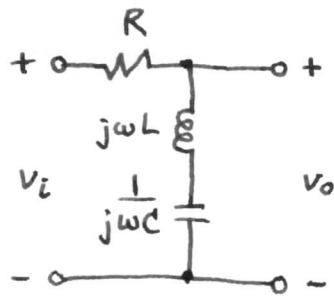
SOL'N: The  $k=1$  term of  $v_i(t)$  does not include the DC term,  $a_0 = 2 \text{ V}$ , since the DC term has frequency zero rather than  $\omega_0$ .

$$v_{i1}(t) = \frac{2}{\pi} \cos(\omega_0 t) - \frac{1}{\pi} \sin(\omega_0 t)$$

Now we convert to a phasor. Note that  $P[\cos(\omega_0 t)] = 1$  and  $P[\sin(\omega_0 t)] = -j$ .

$$V_{i1} = \frac{2}{\pi} - -j \frac{1}{\pi} = \frac{1}{\pi} (2 + j)$$

The output phasor for frequency  $\omega_0$  may be obtained by a voltage-divider or by multiplying  $V_{i1}$  by transfer function  $H(j\omega)$  evaluated at  $\omega = \omega_0$ .



$$H(j\omega) = \frac{j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C}}{R + j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{R}{j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C}} + 1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{R}{j\left(\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C}\right)}}$$

$$H(j\omega) = \frac{1}{1 - j \frac{R}{\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C}}}$$

$$H(j\omega_0) = \frac{1}{1 - j \frac{R}{\omega_0 L - \frac{1}{\omega_0 C}}}$$

where

$$R = 1.5 \Omega \quad \omega_0 L = 3.2 \text{ kr/s} \cdot 1 \text{ mH} = 3.2 \Omega$$

$$\frac{1}{\omega_0 C} = \frac{1}{3.2 \text{ kr/s} \cdot \frac{25}{16} \text{ mF}} = \frac{1}{5} \Omega = 0.2 \Omega$$

$$\text{Thus, } \frac{R}{\omega_0 L - \frac{1}{\omega_0 C}} = \frac{1.5 \Omega}{3.2 \Omega - 0.2 \Omega} = \frac{1.5 \Omega}{3 \Omega} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{We have } V_{o1} = V_{i1} H(j\omega_0)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} (2+j) V \frac{1}{1-j\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} (2+j) V \frac{1}{1-j\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1+j\frac{1}{2}}{1+j\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{(2+j)(1+j\frac{1}{2})}{1+\frac{1}{4}} V$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} (2 - \frac{1}{2} + j + j) / \frac{5}{4} V$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} (\frac{3}{2} + j^2) \frac{4}{5} V$$

$$V_{o1} = \frac{1}{\pi} (\frac{6}{5} + j\frac{8}{5}) V$$

$$v_{o1}(t) = \frac{1}{\pi} (\frac{6}{5}) \cos(\omega_0 t) - \frac{1}{\pi} (\frac{8}{5}) \sin(\omega_0 t) V$$

$$\text{or } v_{o1}(t) = 0.382 \cos(3.2kt) - 0.510 \sin(3.2kt) V$$