



EX: Plot the poles and zeros of $V(s)$ in the s plane.

$$V(s) = \frac{s^2 - s - 6}{s^3 + 6s^2 + 34s}$$

SOL'N: The poles are roots of the denominator, and the zeros are the roots of the numerator.

$$V(s) = \frac{s^2 - s - 6}{s^3 + 6s^2 + 34s} = \frac{(s-3)(s+2)}{s(s+3+j5)(s+3-j5)}$$

The zeros are 3 and -2 . The poles are 0, $-3-j5$, $-3+j5$.

We denote the poles with X's and the zeros with O's in the complex s -plane:

